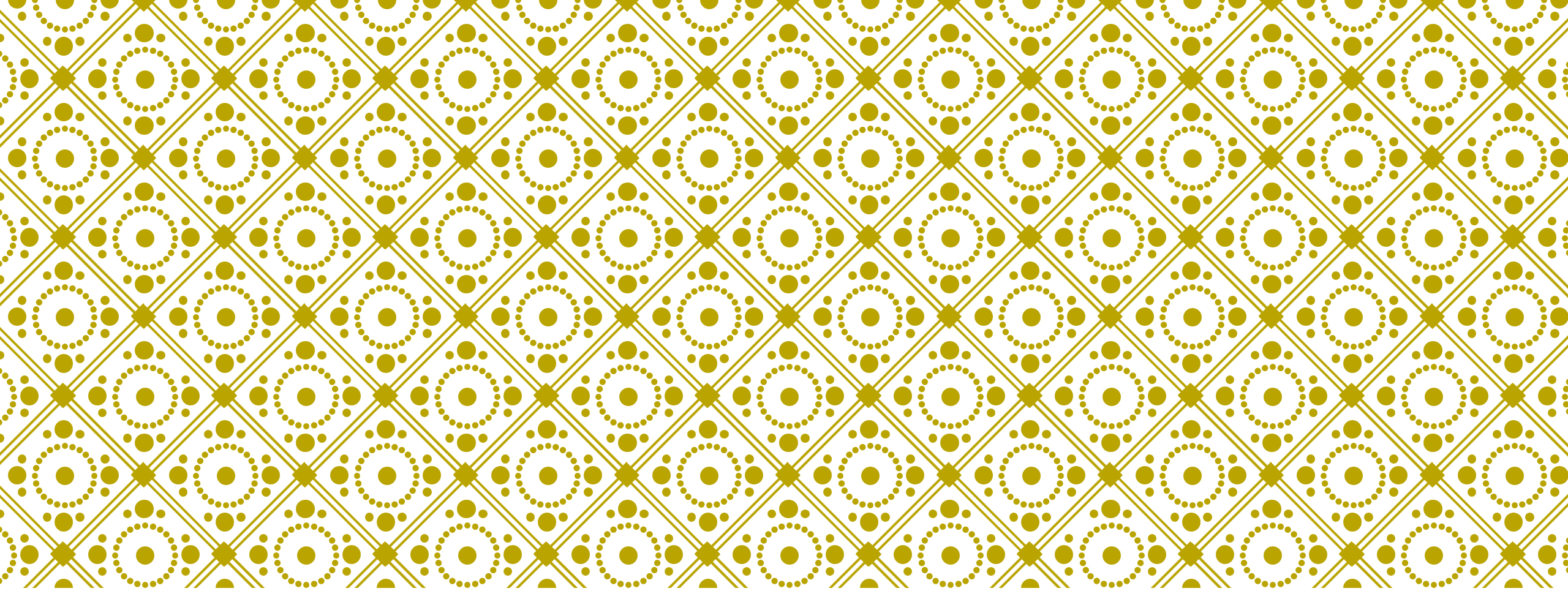


# COVID-19 AND THE YORK ECONOMY

An initial appraisal



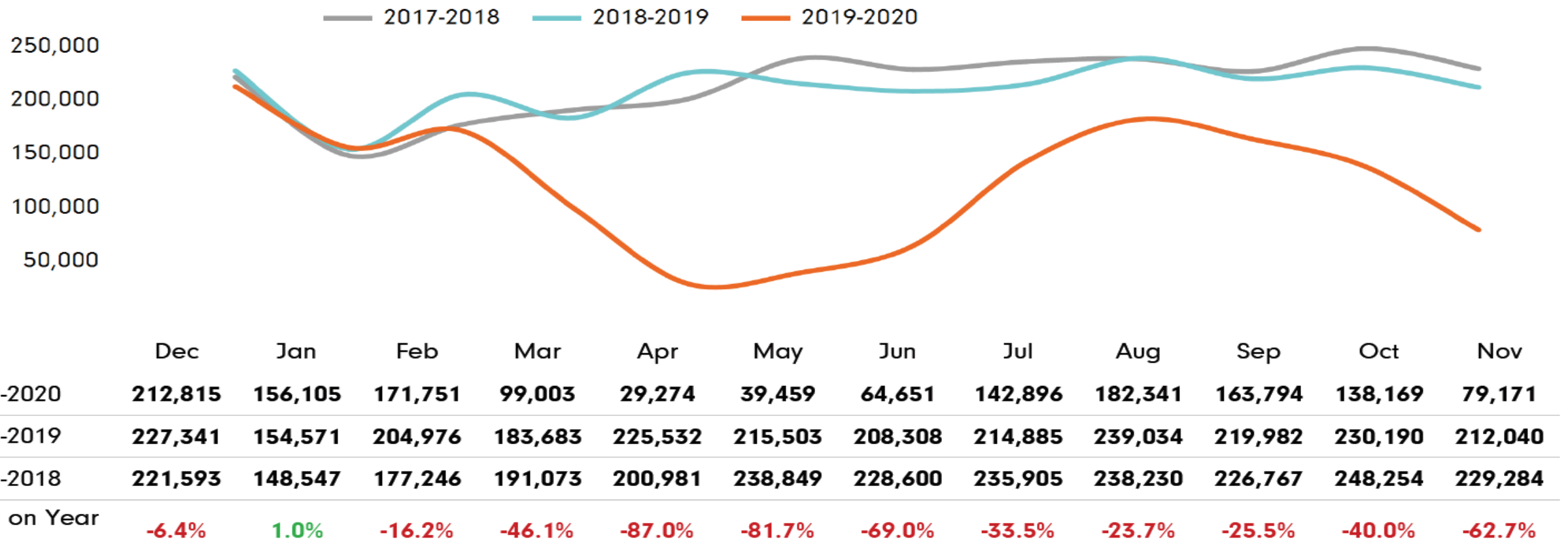
# CITY CENTRE & TOURISM

Key impacts to date

# CUSTOMERS HAVE AVOIDED THE CITY CENTRE

## Footfall - rolling 12 months

The figures shown below are calculated using weekly averages.



# AND ARE NOW MOSTLY LOCALS

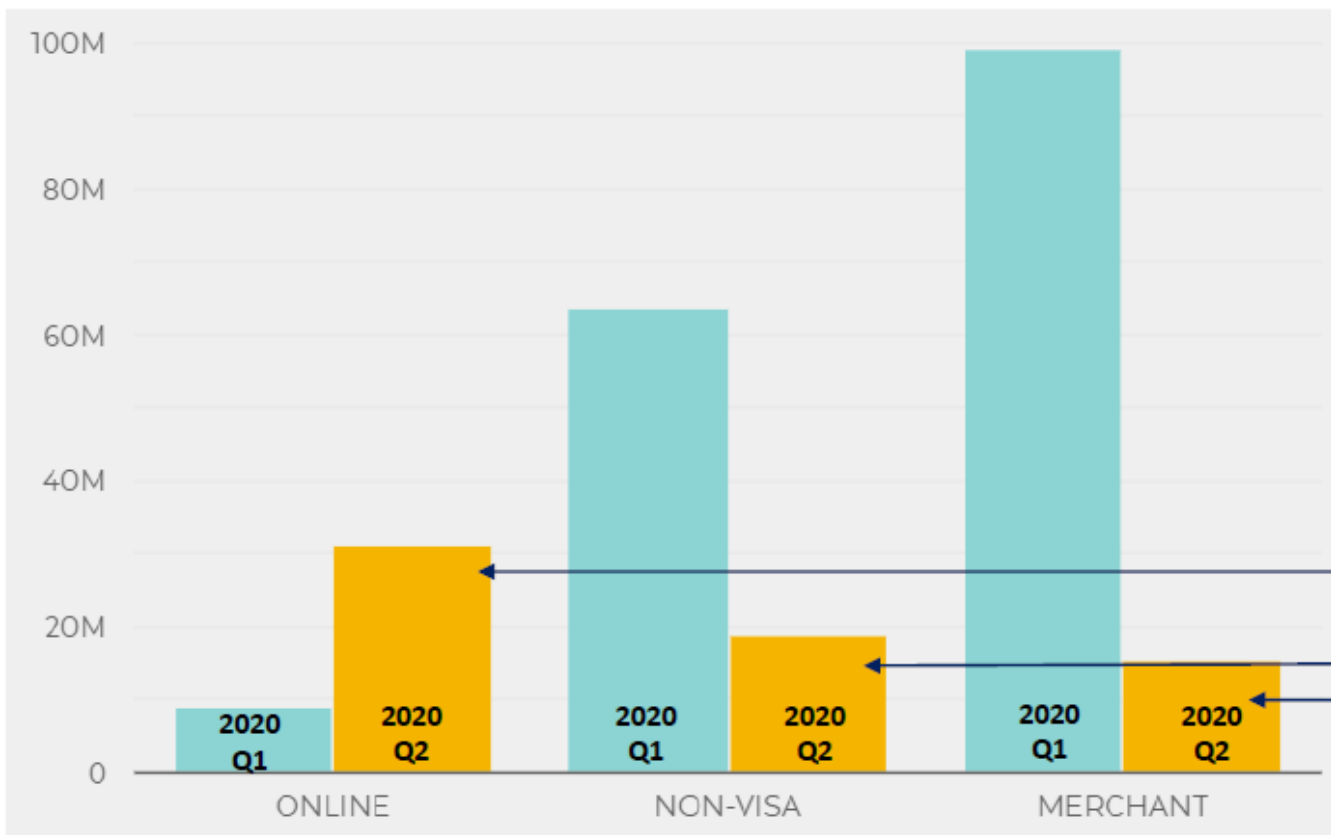
Map: Visitors to York week ending 1<sup>st</sup> November (half term)



# Spend

## Drop in city centre spend in Q2 (lockdown) pronounced

Graph: 2020 Q1 vs Q2 spend for Visa online, Visa merchant and non Visa/cash



Online spend increased 245%

Non Visa and cash dropped -70% and Visa merchant -84%

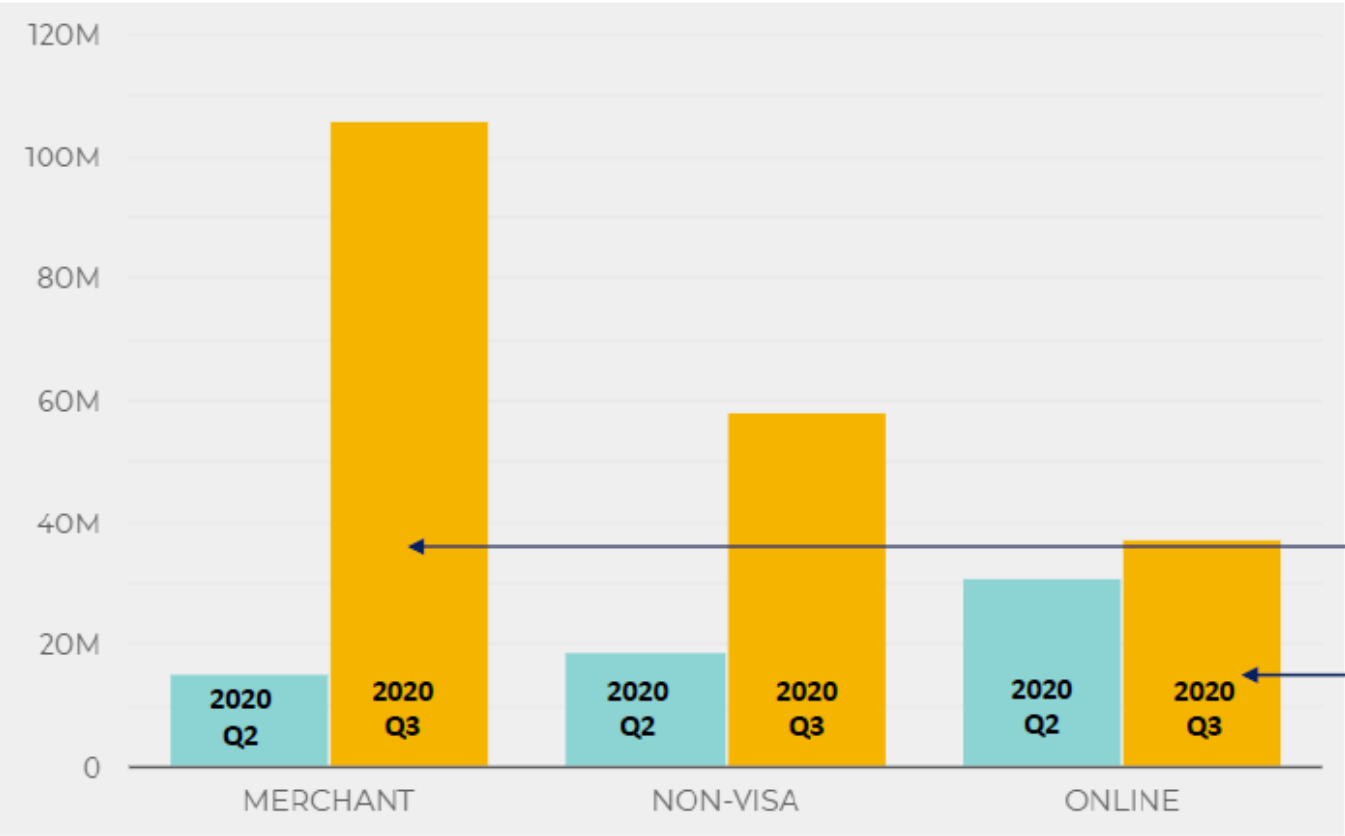
### Notes:

- BID has access to VISA data for 2020 quarters (calendar year) 1-3, with some historical data for 2019.
- York city centre, defined as YO1 postcode (circa 1km radius from the centre).
- Note that UK entered full lock down restrictions 23<sup>rd</sup> March 20, with non essential retail opening 15<sup>th</sup> June.
- Merchant data = Visa spend in store / Non Visa = other card providers / online = internet spend for people living in YO1 postcode

# Spend

The city centre recovered in Q3, but shift to online remained and increased

Graph: 2020 Q2 vs Q3 Spend for Visa online, Visa merchant and non Visa & cash



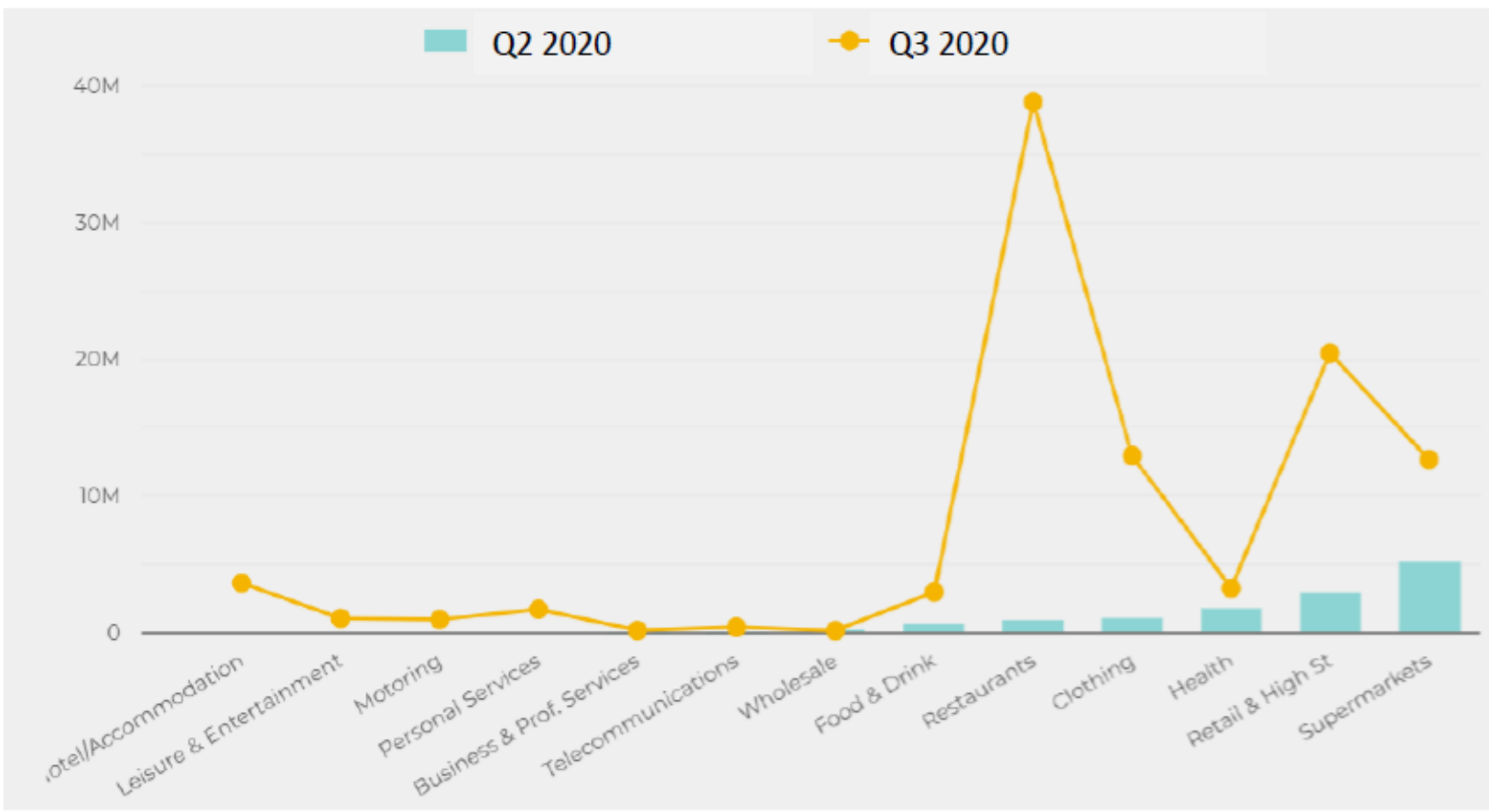
- Q3 Visa merchant up 582% on Q2 at £106m spend. For comparison, Q4 2019 (run up to Xmas) saw £146m spent.
- Online remains strong 37m, 20% higher than Q2 (lockdown) and 315% higher than Q1 (pre-covid trading).

□ Data gives an indication of how the city centre recovered  
□ Merchant data = Visa spend in store / Non Visa = other card providers / online = internet

# Spend

The spending bounce back was significant for certain sectors

Graph: 2020 Q2 vs Q3 for Visa merchant only



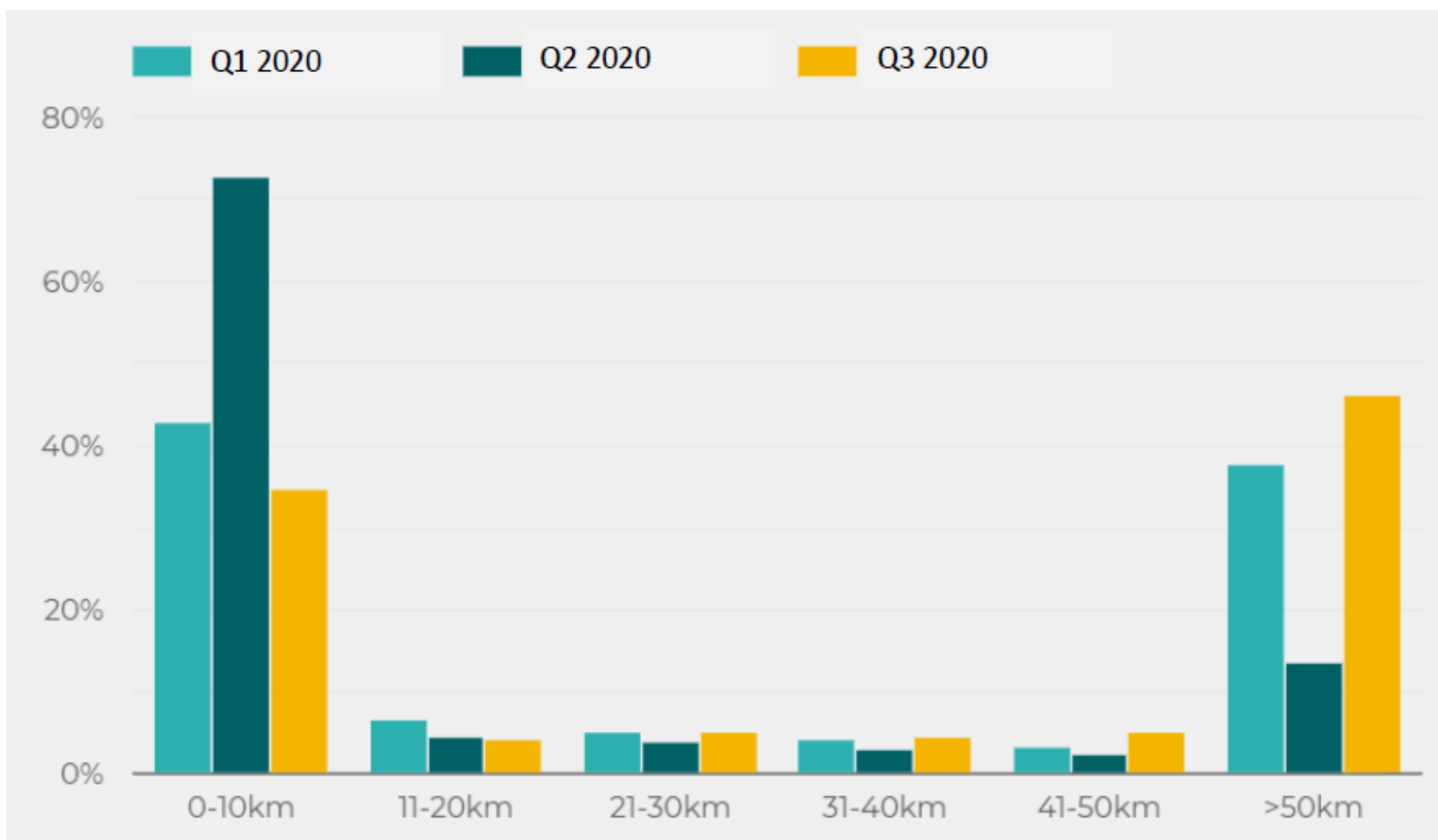
Big benefactors of the city re-opening clearly restaurants, retail and city centre supermarkets

- The table shows the VISA merchant data, Q2 vs Q3 broken down by category.
- NOTE: Categories such as professional services and hotel/ accommodation must be treated with caution, as payments often made online in advance, as opposed to with the merchant in the city centre.

# Spend

There are two distinct 'spenders' in the city; locals and visitors from further afield

Graph: % Merchant spend by distance (Q1 – Q3 2020)

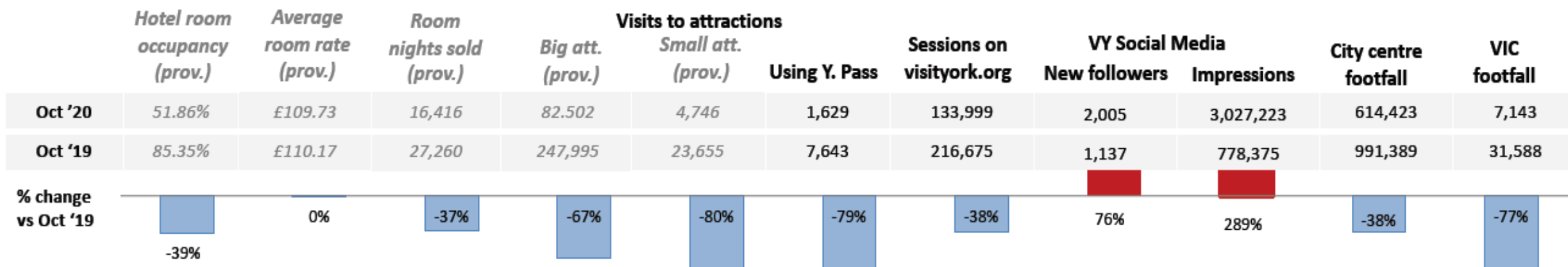


- Q1 (Jan – Mar) largest spenders in city centre were local people within 10km.
- During Q2 lockdown, 73% of spend came from locals.
- In Q3 (the recovery), 46% of spend came from visitors 50km + away.

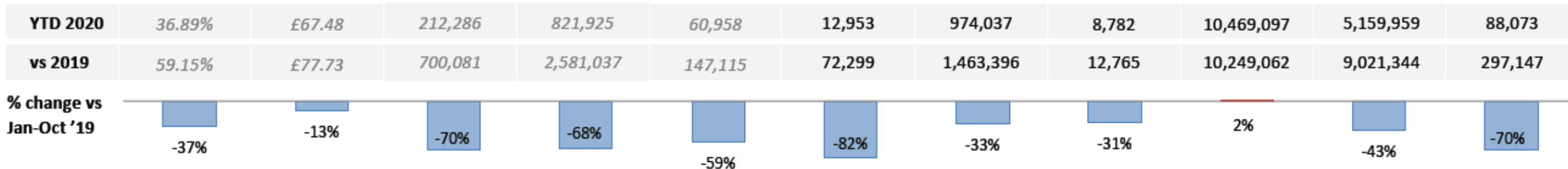
Data is for VISA merchant spend



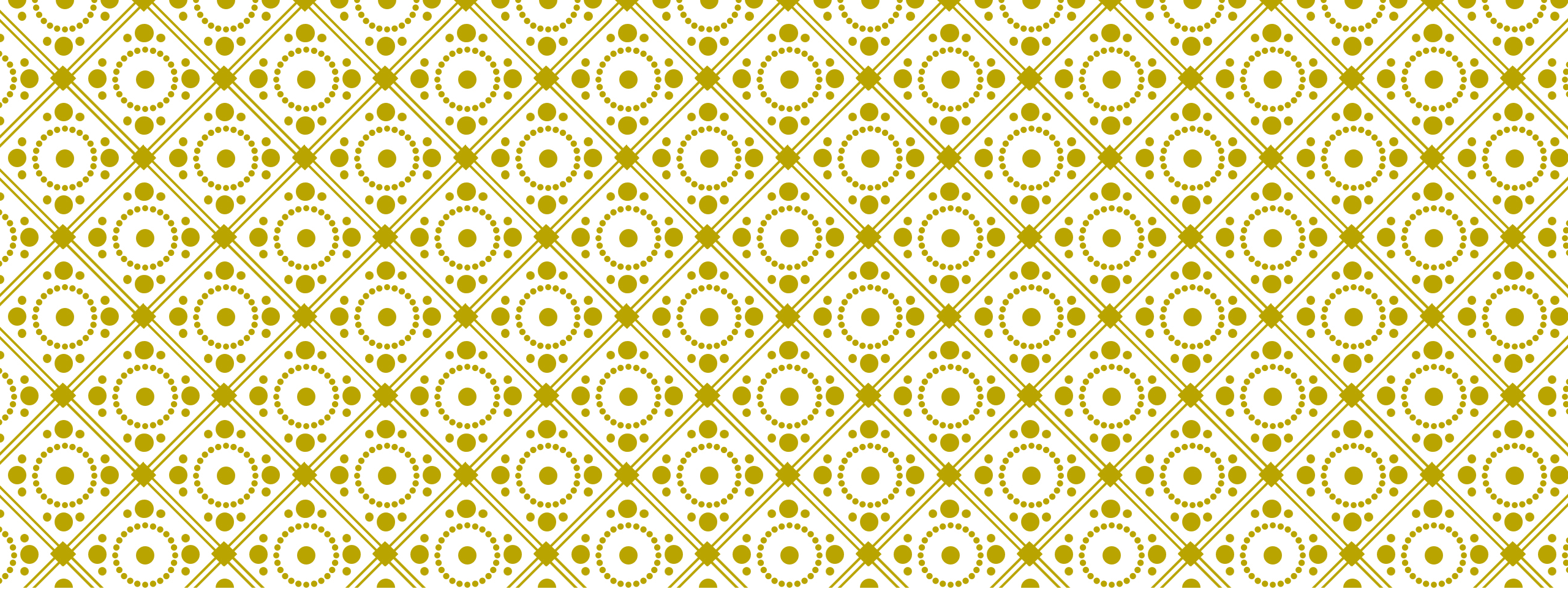
## Tourism KPIs: October 2020



- The provisional data for hotels shows a -39% decrease in hotel occupancy vs October 2019, however the average room rate is on par with the same month last year - thanks to the government's support scheme allowing hospitality businesses to reduce their VAT from 20% to 5%. October 2020 has also continued the downward trend in terms of room nights sold, with a -37% decrease vs October 2019. Year to date all of the metrics continue to show a decline.
- Big attractions have had significantly less visitors in October vs the same month last year (-67%), while small attractions have seen a decrease of -80% in visitors. This is due to big attractions operating at a reduced capacity with pre-booked visits only and many small attractions deciding not to re-open in 2020 after the lockdown was lifted. October 2019 also includes numbers from school visits during half-term – group visits were not possible this year due to Covid-19. Year on year data continues to show a decrease with big attractions reporting a -68% drop in visitors and small attractions showing a -59% decrease when compared to 2019.
- The number of visits using York Pass is significantly down (-79%) compared to October 2019, which is due to a reduced number of visitors travelling to York.
- Sessions on visitoryork.org have decreased (-38%) vs October 2019. However, social media channels have seen a major rise in both number of followers (76% up) and impressions (289% up) vs October 2019. This is due to the paid social media campaign promotion of 'Light and Dark' and the October half-term/Halloween offer.
- City centre footfall is down by -38%, when compared to October 2019, while year to date the numbers are down -43%. Footfall into the Visitor Information centre has decreased significantly (-77%) vs October 2019.



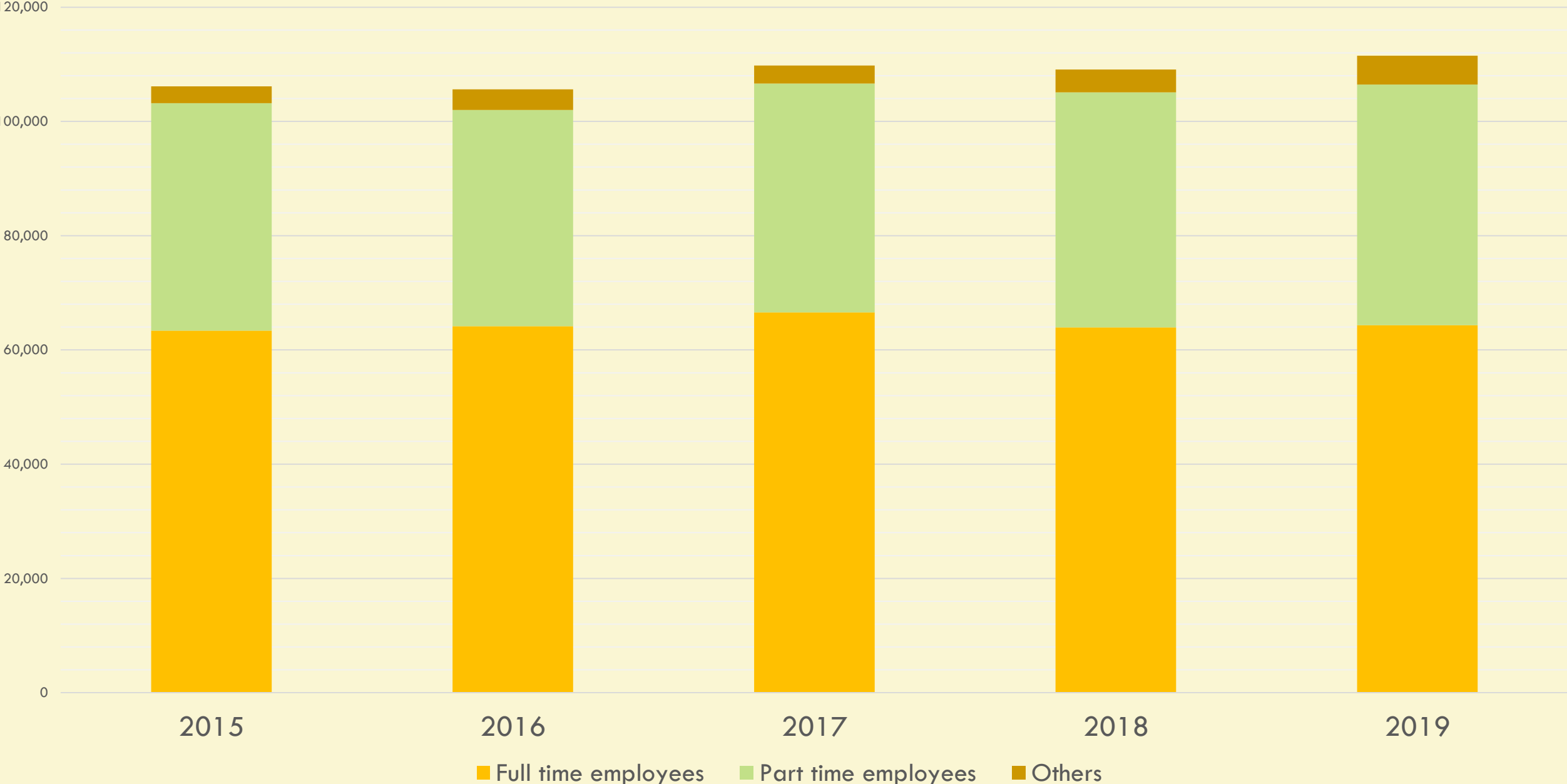
Climate: Ave temp 10°C. Events: York's Medieval & Magical Treasure Trail, York Mediale 2020, York Design Week



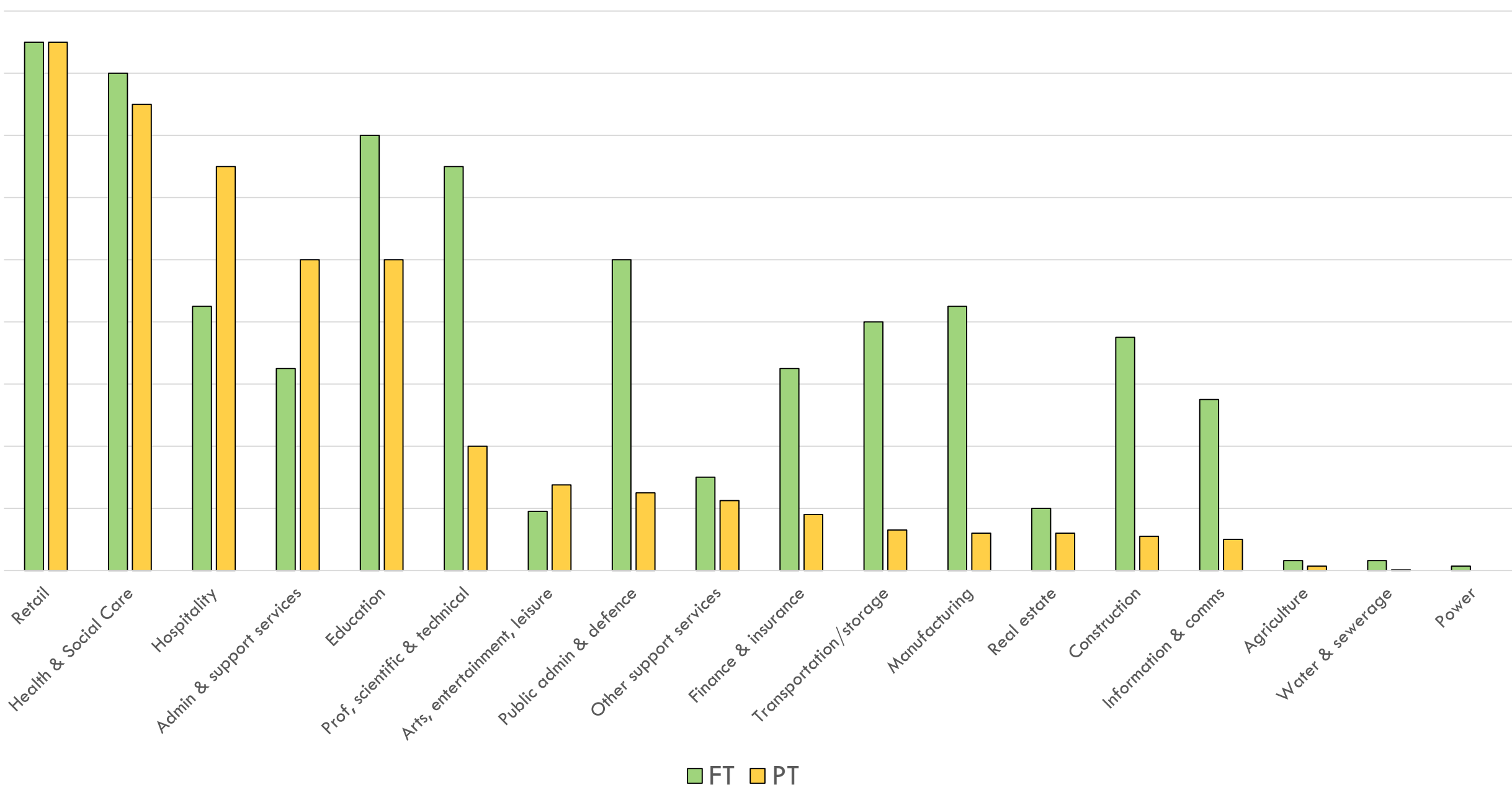
# EMPLOYMENT

Key recent statistics

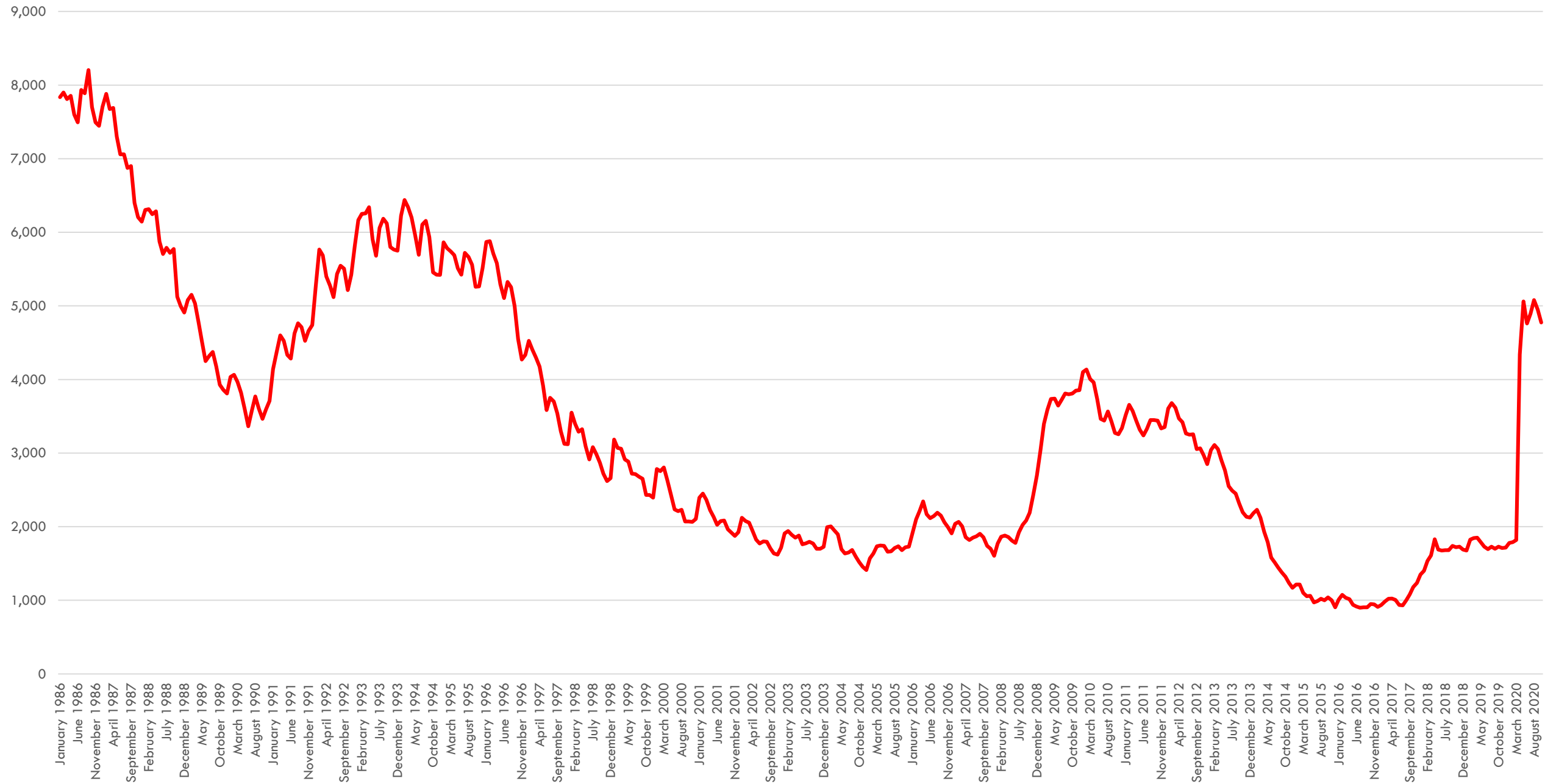
# Employment in York continued to rise in 2019



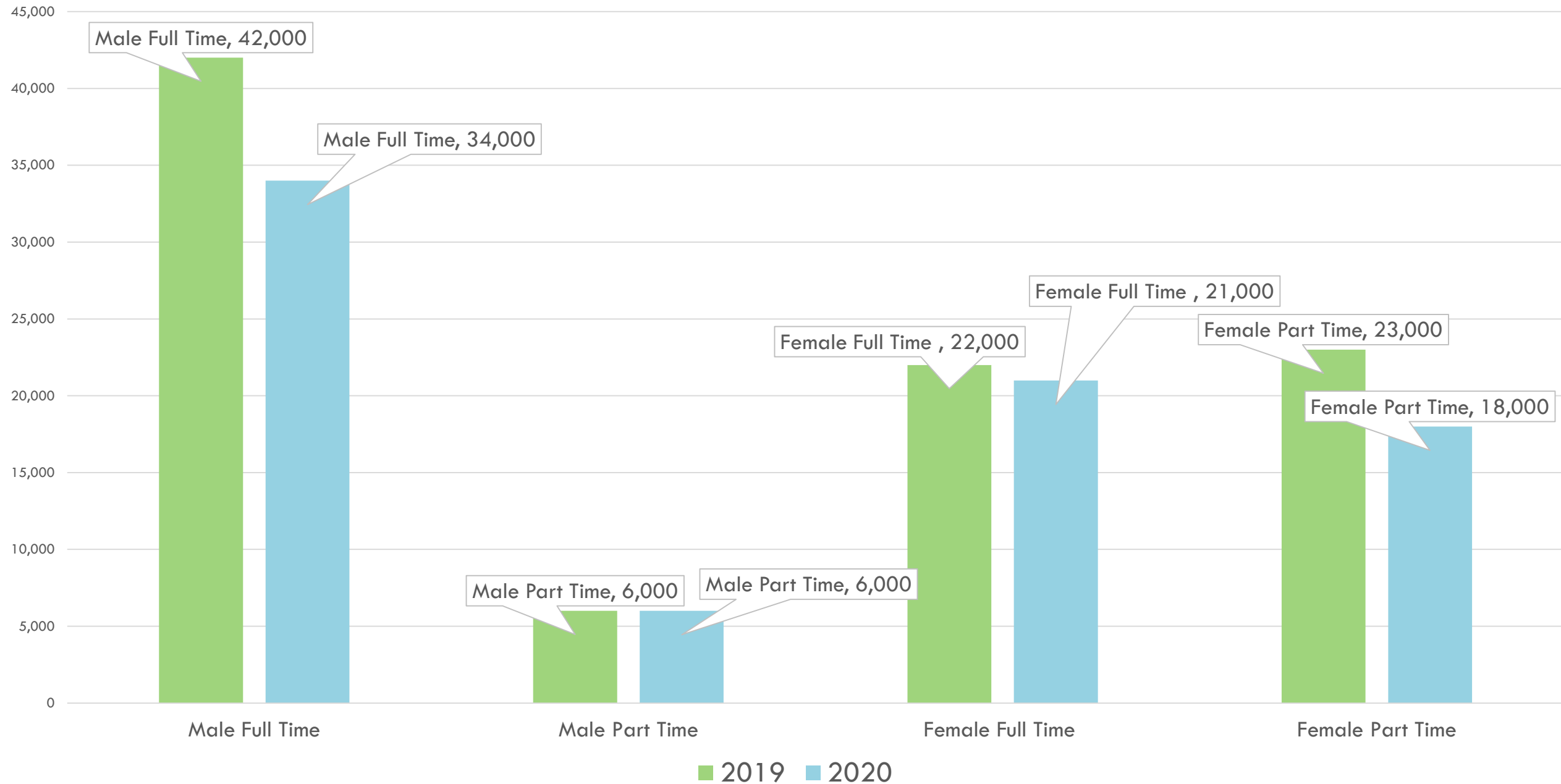
# Part Time Work is concentrated in lower paid sectors



# York Claimant Count – up by 3,200

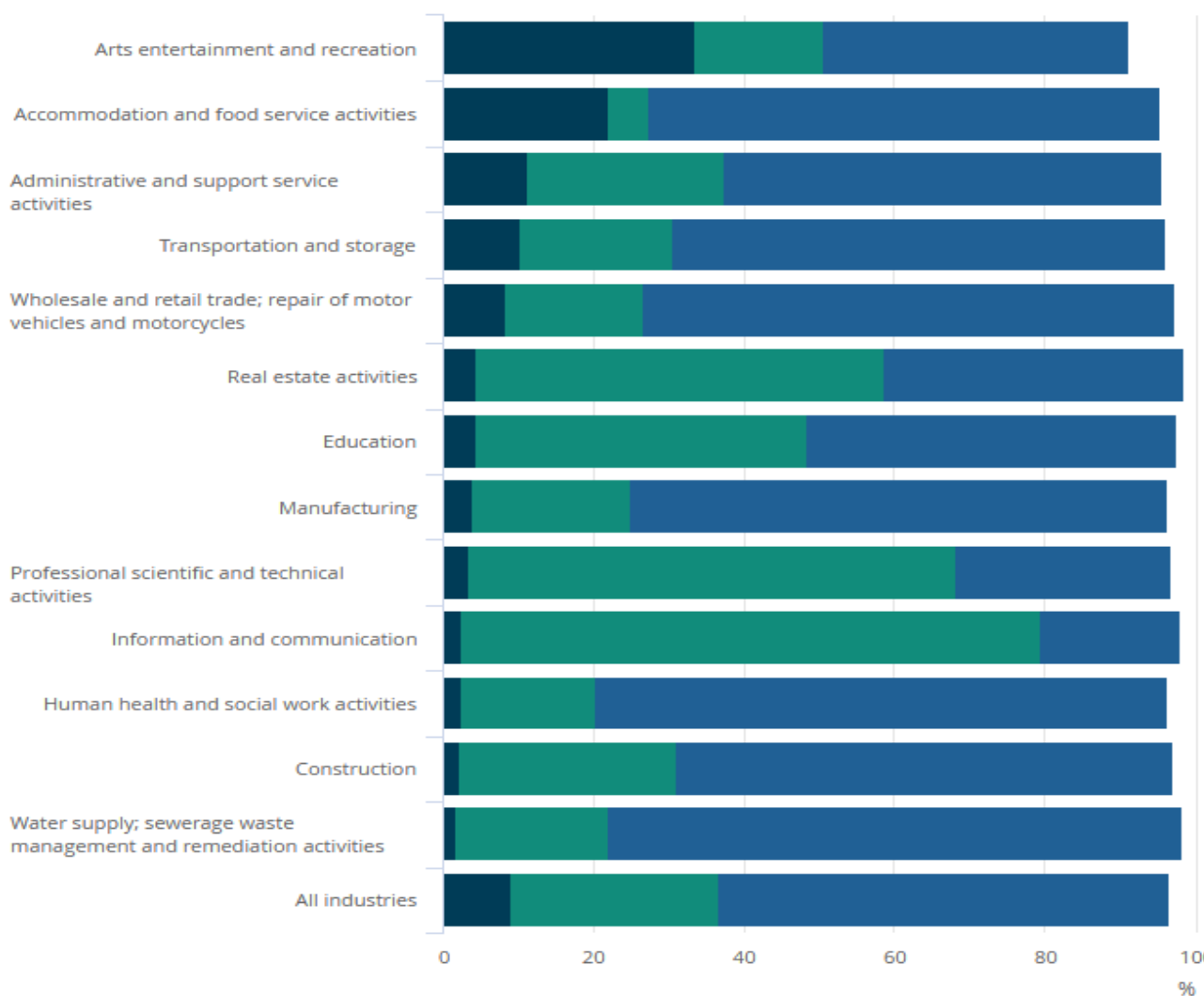


# 14,000 fewer jobs April 2020



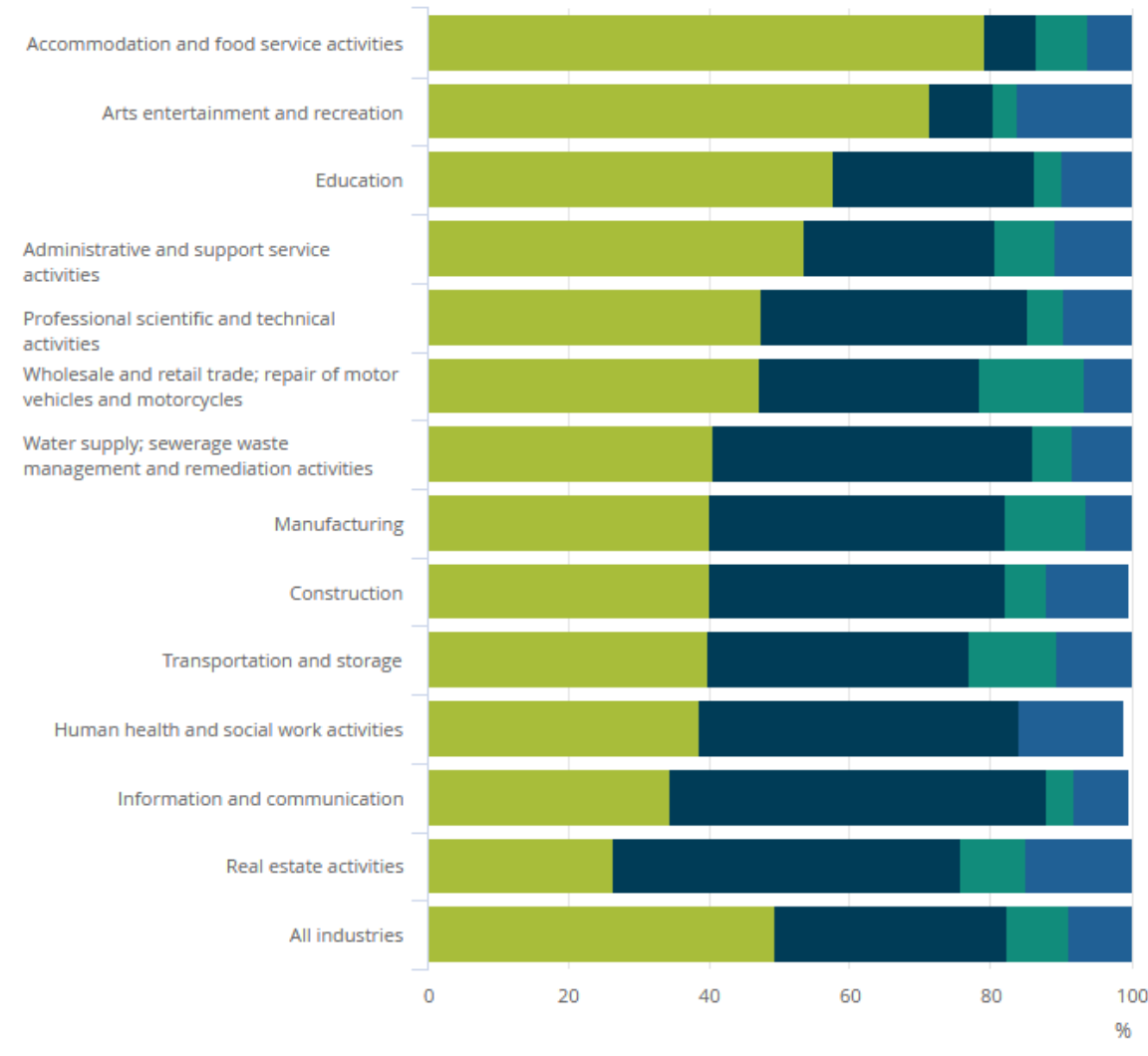
**Working arrangements, businesses that have not permanently stopped trading, broken down by industry, weighted, UK, 19 October to 1 November 2020**

● On partial or full furlough leave ● Working remotely ● Working at their normal place of work



**Impact on turnover, businesses that are currently trading, broken down by industry, weighted, UK, 19 October to 1 November 2020**

● Turnover has decreased ● Turnover has not been affected ● Turnover has increased ● Not sure



30<sup>th</sup> Sept 2020: York 6,800 Furloughed : 3,700 female, 3,100 male