COMMITTEE REPORT

Date: 14 July 2016 **Ward:** Rural West York

Team: Major and **Parish:** Upper Poppleton Parish

Commercial Team Council

Reference: 16/01251/FUL

Application at: Poppleton Garden Centre Northfield Lane Upper Poppleton York

YO26 6QF

For: Change of use of part of car park to a car wash facility including

the siting of a storage container and the erection of a free-standing canopy, and fence and screening to boundary. (Part retrospective)

By: Mr James Edwards
Application Type: Full Application

Target Date: 18 July 2016 **Recommendation:** Refuse

1.0 PROPOSAL

- 1.1 Planning permission is sought for the change of use of part of the car park for the siting of a storage container in association with a car washing business together and the erection of a canopy. A 1.9 metre high fence together with planting to create screening is proposed along to the boundary with the road junction. The site is in the north western corner of the garden centre car park adjacent to the junction of the junction of the A59, Northfield Road and Station Road.
- 1.2 The single storey storage container measures 2.3 metres by 5.7 metres, and 2.5 metres in height. The canopy is 4.5 metre by 7.1 metres; the canopy and the supporting frame are 3 metres in height. The canopy and storage unit are in a red finish. The business would create 3 full time positions and 12 part time positions (a total 4 full time equivalent positions).
- 1.3 The business is separate to the garden centre.
- 1.4 The application is partly retrospective: the storage container and canopy are on site.
- 1.5 The site is within the general extent of the greenbelt and is within Flood Zone 1. The proposed site sits outside the settlement envelope of Poppleton. The A59 is one of the main transport routes into the site.

2.0 POLICY CONTEXT

2.1 Please see paragraphs 4.1 to 4.11 of Appraisal for national and local policy context.

3.0 CONSULTATIONS

INTERNAL CONSULTATIONS

HIGHWAY NETWORK MANAGEMENT -

- 3.1 Raises no objection to the proposed development Car parking, access and layout as shown on the drawings will not cause detriment to other highway users, due to the nature, location and scale of the development proposed. It has however been brought to our attention that the operation has been obstructing the highway by using a fire hydrant located on the adjacent footpath with makeshift barriers on the public highway as a water supply. This is not detailed on the submitted plans. A private source of water should be obtained should the development be allowed.
- 3.2 A standard condition and an informative are suggested.

FLOOD RISK MANAGEMENT TEAM

3.3 It is imperative that surface water run-off from areas used for and immediately adjacent to vehicle washing facilities and/or similar areas where detergent is likely to be used is not discharged to any public surface water sewer network or watercourse. Surface water from such areas must pass through an oil, petrol and grit interceptor of adequate design before discharge to the public foul or combined sewer network. A trade effluent consent may be required for Yorkshire Water.

PUBLIC PROTECTION

3.4 There are no hours of operation proposed. Should permission be granted, would request that the hours be restricted as the 24 hour use of a vehicle wash station could adversely affect the residents. Should permission be granted would suggest that the hours be restricted to the same as the park and ride, this will allow those using the Park and Ride to use the facility but would prevent trucks or other late night travellers using the facilities if they were open 24 hours.

EXTERNAL CONSULTATIONS/REPRESENTATIONS

UPPER POPPLETON PARISH COUNCIL

3.5 No objections

YORKSHIRE WATER

3.6 States there is a 150mm diameter public foul sewer recorded to cross the red line boundary, it is unlikely to be affected by the building over proposals. Trade effluent may only be discharged to sewer with the prior consent of Yorkshire Water.

Surface water from such areas must pass through an oil, petrol and grit interceptor/separator of adequate design before discharge to the public foul or combined sewer network.

AINSTY INTERNAL DRAINAGE BOARD

- 3.7 No objections. The board does have assets adjacent to the site in the form of Station Road Dyke: this watercourse is known to run at high capacity during storm events
- 3.8 The site is in an area where drainage problems could exist and development should not be allowed until the Authority is satisfied that surface water drainage has been satisfactorily provided for
- 3.9 The board notes that this application is for the creation of a car wash facility, as the site is brownfield location the proposed development is likely to make limited difference to the rate of surface water run-off from the site
- 3.10 Important that the water discharge resulting from the cleaning of cars should be effectively constrained and disposed of appropriately and should not be allowed to contaminate the surface water from the site
- 3.11 3 REPRESENTATIONS OF OBJECTION summarised as follows:-
 - Proposed storage container and canopy is visually intrusive and not compatible with the environment, the proposed fence would compound the issue
 - Proposed fence would impede views of the traffic movements around the junction
 - Concerns regarding the disposal of the contaminated water. Existing problems regard drainage at the junction
 - The car wash facility should be sited closer to the garden centre building
 - Greenbelt, outside village envelope of Poppleton, A59 is one of main transport corridors into the city
 - Electricity has been installed and drainage has been connected to the main drain that crosses the car park, which may not have consent from the appropriate parties. There are existing flooding issues on Station Road because of this drain. Water appears to be taken from a hydrant on the footpath alongside the A59. This restricts access to the pavement. The tap often leaks badly onto the footpath and the road, causing black ice at times during the winter.
 - This is the second retrospective development that the Garden Centre has allowed potentially with knowledge that planning permission has not been sought. This may suit their long term plan for the use of the site as alight industrial/employment site.

- The modular unit used by a cloths recycling business (16/00878/FUL) was refused planning permission
- Contrary to Policy SP3
- No justification for green belt location rather than a urban location
- Station Road suffers drainage problems, which have been exacerbated by the runoff from the this business

4.0 APPRAISAL

RELEVANT SITE HISTORY:-

4.1 16/00878/FUL - Part use of car park as mobile storage unit for public use for bulk re sale or recycling of clothing, shoes and clothing accessories (retrospective) - Refused by Main Planning Committee (12.05.2016) on greenbelt and visual amenity grounds

4.2 KEY ISSUES:-

- Planning policy
- Green belt and consideration of very special circumstances
- Design and landscape considerations
- Impact to residential amenity
- Drainage
- Highways

PLANNING POLICY

Development Plan

4.3 Section 38(6) of the Planning and Compensation Act 2004 requires that determinations be made in accordance with the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The development plan for York comprises the saved policies of the Yorkshire and Humber Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS) relating to the general extent of the York Green Belt. These are policies YH9(C) and Y1 (C1 and C2) which relate to York's Green Belt and the key diagram insofar as it illustrates general extent of the Green Belt. The policies state that the detailed inner and the rest of the outer boundaries of the Green Belt around York should be defined to protect and enhance the nationally significant historical and environmental character of York, including its historic setting, views of the Minster and important open areas.

Local Plan

4.4 The City of York Draft Local Plan Incorporating the Fourth Set of Changes was approved for Development Management purposes in April 2005 (DCLP). Whilst the

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DCLP does not form part of the statutory development plan, its policies are considered to be capable of being material considerations in the determination of planning applications where policies relevant to the application are consistent with those in the NPPF.

- 4.5 Policy GB1 'Development in the Green Belt' of the DCLP sets out a number of criteria for considering new sites, whilst some of the specific criteria do not comply with the NPPF the general aim of the policy is considered to be in line with the NPPF.
- 4.6 Policy SP2 'The York Green Belt' states that the primary purpose of the green belt is to safeguard the setting and historic character of the city. Policy SP3 'Safeguarding the Historic Character and setting of York' states high priority will be given to the historic character and setting of York, particularly the protection of main gateway transport corridors into York from development which, cumulatively, could have an adverse impact on the setting of the corridor and surrounding environment (d). The general aim of the policy take account of the different roles and character of different areas is considered to be in line with the NPPF.

Emerging Local Plan

- 4.7 The planned consultation on the Preferred Sites for the emerging City of York Local Plan will go before Executive on 30 June, following a meeting with the Local Plan Working Group on 27 June. If approved, the proposals will then be subject to an eight-week public consultation starting in July. The emerging Local Plan policies can only be afforded very limited weight at this stage of its preparation, in accordance with paragraph 216 of the NPPF. However, the evidence base underpinning the emerging Plan is a material consideration.
- 4.8 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) was published in March 2012. It sets out government's planning policies and is material to the determination of planning applications. The NPPF is the most up-to date representation of key relevant policy issues (other than the Saved RSS Policies relating to the general extent of the York Green Belt) and it is against this policy Framework that the proposal should principally be addressed.
- 4.9 Paragraph 14 of the NPPF sets out the presumption in favour of sustainable development, unless specific policies in the NPPF indicate development should be restricted. This presumption does not apply in Green Belt locations.
- 4.10 The National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG) explains how weight may be given to policies in emerging plans. Arguments that an application is premature are unlikely to justify a refusal of planning permission other than where it is clear that the adverse impacts of granting permission would significantly and demonstrably

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outweigh the benefits, taking the policies in the NPPF and any other material considerations into account.

- 4.11 The NPPF states that the refusal of planning permission on grounds of prematurity will seldom be justified where a draft Local Plan has yet to be submitted for examination. Where planning permission is refused on grounds of prematurity, the local planning authority will need to indicate clearly how the grant of permission for the development concerned would prejudice the outcome of the plan-making process.
- 4.12 The Poppleton Neighbourhood Plan is at an early stage; pre-submission consultation has been undertaken. Whilst the weight given to such a report grows as it passes each consultation stage, the weight that can be given to the plan is currently very limited.
- 4.13 The Poppleton Village Design Statement was adopted as supplementary planning guidance in 2003 following consultation. It has a number of relevant design guidelines including: Any further commercial and industrial development within or within direct influencing distance of Poppleton should be well screened and not exceed existing height. The attractive green corridor approach to York along the A59 should be protected and development along this road should be discouraged.

GREEN BELT STATUS OF THE SITE

- 4.14 As noted in the above Planning Policy section of this report, the site is located within the general extent of the York Green Belt as described in the RSS. In the DCLP (2005) it is designated as green belt. In the emerging local plan the application site is allocated for a residential development. These allocations have not been tested by public consultation and as such, the potential allocation of this land can only be given very limited weight at this stage.
- 4.15 Additionally, when the site is assessed on its merits (in paragraphs 4.16 to 4.20 below) it is concluded that whilst the York Green Belt has not yet been fully defined, the site falls within the general extent of the Green Belt and serves a number of Green Belt purposes. As such, the proposal falls to be considered under the restrictive Green Belt policies set out in the NPPF at this time.

OPENNESS AND PURPOSES OF THE GREEN BELT

- 4.16 The NPPF states that the fundamental aim of the Green Belt policy is to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open and that, the essential characteristics of the Green Belt are its openness and permanence. The Green Belt serves 5 purposes:
 - to check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas;
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- to prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another;
- to assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment;
- to preserve the setting and special character of historic towns;
- and to assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.
- 4.17 The NPPF states that inappropriate development is, by definition, harmful to the Green Belt and should not be approved except in very special circumstances. NPPF paragraph 89 states that the construction of new buildings is inappropriate in the Green Belt, save in the case of a list of exceptions. The wider site is used as a garden centre and the proposed site is within the car park. As such the site is considered to be previously developed. However by virtue of the proposed location of the site, unit and canopy: set away from the building, it appears detached, and so it has a greater impact on the openness of the greenbelt and purposes of including land within it than the existing development. Therefore the proposed change of use of the land for the stationing of a storage container together with the erection of the canopy does not fall within the exceptions of paragraphs 89 and 90. The change of use is therefore inappropriate development in the Green Belt. The proposed development by virtue of the use and structures would result in an increase in the built form and a coalescence of development and encroachment of development into the Green Belt in a particularly prominent location adjacent to a main transport route into the city therefore resulting in harm to the openness and permanence of the greenbelt.
- 4.18 The NPPF states that inappropriate development is, by definition, harmful to the Green Belt and should not be approved except in very special circumstances.
- 4.19 The site was not identified in the City of York Local Plan The Approach to the Green Belt Appraisal (2003) which the Council produced to aid in the identification of those areas surrounding the City that should be kept permanently open. However, whilst this document identifies key important areas, which do not include this site, it leaves large areas of countryside as similarly not being of particular importance and it does not set out that all that remaining land within the extent of the Green Belt is necessarily suitable for development or that it has no Green Belt purpose.
- 4.20 In general terms, it is not appropriate to assume every piece of land within the general extent of the Green Belt should necessarily be considered as Green Belt, rather each case should be considered on its own merits. The car park acts as a visual buffer between the village of Poppleton and the development to the south, and thus contributes to the aim of preventing the encroachment, sprawl and coalescence of development and therefore maintaining the essential Green Belt characteristics of openness and permanence. Additionally, the site can not reasonably be considered to be close to the inner boundaries of the greenbelt because there is a clear gap created by fields between Acomb and Poppleton.

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These fields have been considered through the site selection process for the LDF and the emerging Local Plan. However they did not progress as they were assessed as having importance in the setting and special character of the city. As such it is considered that the application site should be treated as falling within the general extent of the Green Belt.

4.21 The fundamental purpose of Green Belt policy is to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open. The proposal gives rise to harm to the green belt by reason of inappropriateness which should not be approved except in very special circumstances. The proposal would result in harm to the openness and permanence of the Green Belt. It also conflicts with the Green Belt purposes of preventing encroachment into the countryside and coalescence of development. The NPPF states that local planning authorities should ensure that substantial weight is given to any harm to the green belt. 'Very special circumstances' will not exist unless the potential harm to the green belt by reason of inappropriateness, and any other harm, is clearly outweighed by other considerations.

ASSESSMENT OF THE CONSIDERATIONS FORWARDED BY THE APPLICANT

- 4.22 The Applicant has forwarded the following factors to be considered as very special circumstances:
 - Appearance is compatible with surroundings
 - Economic Benefit

APPEARANCE AND COMPATIBITY WITH SURROUNDINGS

- 4.23 The proposed site is within a car park of the garden centre to the east, to the south is a restaurant, to the west are Northfield Lane and the recent park and ride development, and the village of Poppleton to the north.
- 4.24 The applicant argues that the proposed development shares the contemporary aesthetics of cars and the nearby industrial style buildings and fits comfortably within its setting and with the screening would be well concealed. The applicant considers that proposed development in keeping with the surrounding context which is dominated by traffic
- 4.25 When travelling along the A59 in an east-west direction, the proposed site is at a point where the landscape around the road opens out with wide views of the open landscape, and it is against this backdrop that the unit is viewed. The proposed storage container and canopy create a cluttered appearance adjacent to a relatively complicated road layout (with large number of associated signs and signals). By virtue of its close proximity to the road the proposed development is prominent and jarring within the streetscene, particularly as the existing development on this side of the road is significantly set back. Whilst the site is a car park, the proposed storage Application Reference Number: 16/01251/FUL

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container and canopy are larger than the parked vehicles. Any parked vehicles are there during opening hours only while the proposed storage container, canopy and fence unit would be permanently located. The proposed unit creates a solid block in an area of general open character. The proposed red colour of the storage container and the canopy does little to reduce the prominence of the proposed development. It is considered that proposed 1.9 metre high fence (40 metres in length) sited parallel to boundary of the car park and the highway would not overcome the harm of the proposed location; rather it would significantly compound the visual prominence and bulk of the development. Planting is proposed in the gap between the proposed fence and the boundary however this is considered to provide little in the way of screening as the container, canopy, and fences would still be visible. Deciduous planting would provide little screening during the 6 months of the year and evergreen planting has the potential to appear overtly urban and potentially bring further attention to the proposed development. For these reasons no weight can be given to the applicant's justification.

- 4.26 The proposed use, storage container, canopy, and screening would not be compatible with the prevailing character of the area. The proposal introduces development adjacent to the road and would result in a reduction in the quality of the landscape. The proposed development is considered to result in significant other harm in addition to the inappropriateness of the development in the greenbelt.
- 4.27 Please note the modular building currently sited within the car park has recently had planning permission refused (16/00878/FUL) at Main Planning Committee (12.05.2016) and is the subject of enforcement action.

ECONOMIC BENEFIT

- 4.28 The applicant states that the proposal is sustainable development on the grounds of job creation; and customers using the facility are making shared journeys to the garden centre or park and ride. The NPPF states that planning policies should support economic growth in taking a positive approach to sustainable new development. Nevertheless, this policy does not outweigh green belt policy, as the presumption in favour of sustainable development does not apply to sites within the green belt.
- 4.29 The applicant states there would be no significant increase in additional journeys as a result of the proposal as people using the facility are making journeys to the garden centre or the nearby park and ride. Whilst it is acknowledged there may be shared/connected trips, it is also likely that people would make single purpose trips to the facility which is sited outside of the urban area, as such the sustainability of the location is questionable, and as such very little weight can be given to this justification. No evidence of consideration of other sites has been submitted. No justification has been submitted as to why the proposed unit is

required to be located on this particular site in the greenbelt rather than a site within the urban area closer to larger residential population.

- 4.30 The proposed development would create an economic benefit to the adjacent garden centre by virtue of rent and footfall. The rent would benefit the garden centre and there may be some limited increase in footfall to the garden centre. However this economic advantage is considered be relatively minor and have very little weight.
- 4.31 The proposed development would create 4 full time equivalent jobs. Individually or cumulatively the aforementioned 'economic benefit' is considered to have very little weight and provide very little benefit to the city.

IMPACT ON RESIDENTIAL AMENITY

4.32 Opening hours have not been specified in the application form. By virtue of the distance from the nearby dwellings it is not considered that the proposed development would result in disturbance or harm to residential amenity.

DRAINAGE

4.33 The applicant is proposing to dispose of the contaminated water via a new drain and interceptor underneath the car park that will lead to an existing foul sewer running underneath the site. This drainage method does not appear to be currently in place, from a site visit it appeared that the waters were running into the surface water gullies (which would not be permitted). The disposal method of the contaminated waters into a foul sewer will potentially require a trade effluent consent from Yorkshire Water.

TRAFFIC, HIGHWAY, PARKING AND ACCESS ISSUES

4.34 The proposed development results in a small loss of parking spaces. The garden centre has a generous number of vehicle parking spaces and it is considered that that demand for all of the parking spaces is limited as such the reduction in number is not considered to result in on-street parking or harm.

5.0 CONCLUSION

5.1 The application site is located within the general extent of the York Green Belt and serves a number of Green Belt purposes. As such it falls to be considered under paragraph 87 of the NPPF which states inappropriate development, is by definition, harmful to the Green Belt and should not be approved except in very special circumstances. Very special circumstances will not exist unless the potential harm to the Green Belt by reason of inappropriateness and any other harm are clearly outweighed by other considerations (harm to visual amenity and character of

the A59 transport corridor). National planning policy dictates that substantial weight should be given to any harm to the Green Belt.

- 5.2 In addition to the harm to the Green Belt by reason of inappropriateness, it is considered that the proposal would have a harmful effect on openness and that the proposal would undermine two of the five Green Belt purposes. Substantial weight is attached to this harm which the proposal would cause to the Green Belt. Planning permission should only be granted if the potential harm caused to the Green Belt by reason of inappropriateness and any other harm, is clearly outweighed by other considerations. It is only if those 'other considerations' are of sufficient weight that very special circumstances will exist. It is the cumulative weight of these other factors that matters; they do not individually need to be 'very special' in their own right.
- 5.3 The applicant has advanced the following factors which they consider to amount to very special circumstances in respect of the proposal:-
 - Appearance, compatible with surroundings
 - Economic Benefit

5.4 The Local Planning Authority has carefully considered the justification put forward by the applicant in support of the proposals and, having weighed these considerations against the harms that have been identified, has concluded that these considerations do not individually or cumulatively clearly outweigh these harms. It is concluded that very special circumstances do not exist to justify the proposal.

6.0 RECOMMENDATION: Refuse

The application site is within the general extent of the Green Belt as set out by 1 Policy Y1 of The Yorkshire and Humber Plan - Regional Spatial Strategy. In accordance with paragraph 89 of the National Planning Policy Framework it is considered that the change of use of the site for a car wash facility with associated storage container, canopy, and screening constitutes inappropriate development which, according to Section 9 of the Framework is, by definition, harmful to the Green Belt and should not be approved except in very special circumstances. The proposal conflicts with the essential characteristics of Green Belts (their openness and their permanence) and the purposes of including land within the Green Belt by resulting in encroachment of development into the countryside, the sprawl, merging and coalescence of development; and is harmful to the openness of the Green Belt. The Local Planning Authority has carefully considered the justification put forward by the applicant in support of the proposals but has concluded that these considerations do not clearly outweigh the harm to the Green Belt and other harm (harm to visual amenity and character of the A59 transport corridor) when substantial weight is given to the harm to the Green Belt. As such very special Application Reference Number: 16/01251/FUL Item No: 4e

circumstances do not exist to justify the proposal. The proposal is therefore contrary to Section 9 of the National Planning Policy Framework and policy YH9 of the Yorkshire and Humber Plan and also conflict with Draft Development Control Local Plan (2005) policy GB1: Development in the Green Belt.

The application site is in an area which is open in character and appearance and contributes to the character and setting of the A59 transport corridor. The proposed change of use of part of car park to a car wash facility including the siting of a storage container and the erection of a free-standing canopy, and fence and screening to boundary, by virtue of its location adjacent to a junction on the A59 transport corridor, would be unduly prominent and intrusive in the streetscene in addition to creating a cluttered appearance. As such the proposed development would fail to respect the character of the area and cause harm to the visual amenity and open character and therefore would conflict with Policy SP3 and GP1 of the City of York Council Development Control Local Plan (2005) and contrary to the core principles and part 7 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

7.0 INFORMATIVES: Notes to Applicant

1. STATEMENT OF THE COUNCIL'S POSITIVE AND PROACTIVE APPROACH

In considering the application, the Local Planning Authority has implemented the requirements set out within the National Planning Policy Framework (paragraphs 186 and 187) in seeking solutions to problems identified during the processing of the application. The Local Planning Authority took the following steps in an attempt to achieve a positive outcome:

- Considered the applicant's submissions in support of the application.

Notwithstanding the above, it was not possible to achieve a positive outcome, resulting in planning permission being refused for the reasons stated.

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