### **COMMITTEE REPORT**

Date: 19 January 2017 Ward: Wheldrake

Team: Major and Parish: Wheldrake Parish

Commercial Team Council

Reference: 16/02583/FUL

Application at: Brick Farm Benjy Lane Wheldrake York YO19 6BH

**For:** Siting of 3 no. grain silos to be converted for use as holiday

accommodation

By: Mr Raley

**Application Type:** Full Application **Target Date:** 23 January 2017 **Recommendation:** Refuse

## 1.0 PROPOSAL

1.1 Brick Farm, Benjy Lane Wheldrake comprises a physically compact arable farmstead dating originally from the early 19th Century occupying a physically prominent location within the Green Belt to the west of Wheldrake village. Planning permission is sought for the erection of three profile steel grain bins within a defined curtilage directly to the west of the farmstead to provide holiday accommodation. The proposal is seen as necessary as a means of farm diversification to offset the impact of declining farm incomes and a report examining trends in arable farming has been submitted in support. The application site would be accessed via a heavily used bridle path that continues Benjy Lane.

### 2.0 POLICY CONTEXT

Also See Section 4

2.1 2005 Draft Development Plan Allocation:

City Boundary GMS Constraints: York City Boundary 0001

DC Area Teams GMS Constraints: East Area (1) 0003

2.2 2005 Draft Policies:

CYGB1

Development within the Green Belt

CYGB3

Reuse of buildings

# CYV5 Caravan and camping sites

### 3.0 CONSULTATIONS

INTERNAL:-

- 3.1 Public Protection raise no objection to the proposal.
- 3.2 Strategic Flood Risk Management were consulted with regard to the proposal on 28th November 2016. Views will be reported orally at the meeting.
- 3.3 Highway Network Management were consulted with regard to the proposal on 15th December 2016. Views will be reported orally if available.
- 3.4 Public Rights of Way (PROW) were consulted with regard to the proposal on 15th December 2016. Views will be reported orally if available.

**EXTERNAL:-**

- 3.5 Wheldrake Parish Council object to the proposal on the grounds of it being inappropriate development within the Green Belt.
- 3.6 Yorkshire Water Services Limited were consulted with regard to the proposal on 28th November 2016. Views will be reported orally at the meeting.

### 4.0 APPRAISAL

**KEY CONSIDERATIONS:-**

- 4.1 KEY CONSIDERATIONS INCLUDE:-
  - Impact upon the open character and purposes of designation of the Green Belt.

STATUS OF THE YORK DEVELOPMENT CONTROL LOCAL PLAN (2005 4th SET OF CHANGES):-

4.2 The York Development Control Local Plan was approved for Development Control purposes in April 2005; its policies remain material considerations in respect of Development Management decisions although it is considered that any weight is limited except where in accordance with the National Planning Policy Framework.

## STATUS OF THE EMERGING LOCAL PLAN:-

4.3 The (Emerging) Publication Draft York Local Plan (2014) is currently not progressing through its statutory consultation. At the present early stage in the statutory process the emerging Local Plan policies carry only very limited weight (here relevant and in accordance with the terms of the National Planning Policy Framework). The evidence base that underpins the proposed emerging policies is capable of being a material consideration in the determination of the planning application.

The NPPF is the most up to date representation of key relevant policy issues and the proposal should principally be assessed against this policy Framework.

## PLANNING POLICY CONTEXT:-

4.4 GREEN BELT:- The general extent of the York Green Belt is defined within saved Yorkshire and Humberside RSS Policies YH9C and YIC as such Central Government Policy in respect of Green Belts as outlined in the National Planning Policy Framework applies. Central Government Planning Policy as outlined in paragraph 87 of the National Planning Policy Framework indicates that inappropriate development is by definition harmful to the Green Belt and should not therefore be approved other than in very special circumstances. Paragraph 88 provides when considering a planning application Local Planning Authorities should ensure that substantial weight is given to any harm to the Green Belt. "Very Special Circumstances" will not exist unless the potential harm by reason of inappropriateness and any other harm is clearly outweighed by other considerations. Policy GB1 of the (Emerging) Publication Draft Local Plan is also relevant in this respect.

# IMPACT UPON THE OPEN CHARACTER AND PURPOSES OF DESIGNATION OF THE GREEN BELT:-

- 4.5 The application site comprises modestly sized paddock lying directly to the west of the farmstead at the furthest extent of the metalled section of Benjy Lane. There are a series of isolated farmsteads together with a livery stable and a nursery strung out along the Lane but not forming a clear settlement pattern as such. The surrounding landscape is gently rolling with a mix of small and medium sized fields with the traditional pattern of field boundaries separated by mature trees and lengths of hedgerow. The farmstead itself is low rise and brick built occupying a modest physically discrete area.
- 4.6 The proposal envisages the erection of three former corrugated iron grain bins for use as camping lodges within a clearly defined curtilage which is presently agricultural in nature. The grain bins by virtue of the works required to render them capable of occupation including the provision of window and door openings and

associated external lighting together with the erection of domestic paraphernalia within the associated curtilage would fundamentally alter the character of the locality and extend the built foot print of the farmstead into open countryside. Paragraphs 89 and 90 of the National Planning Policy Framework outlines a number of types of development both operational and material changes of use which are felt to be appropriate in the Green Belt providing they don't harm its openness and do not conflict with the purposes of including land within Green Belt. Caravan and camp sites per se are not included within this and therefore are by definition harmful to the open character of the Green Belt. The category within paragraph 89 of appropriate buildings for recreational use providing there is no harm to the open character of the Green Belt is not relevant in this case because it may be argued that camping and caravanning is not of itself a recreational activity although recreational activities may take place along side it. It may also clearly be argued that the relocated grain stores subject to heavy alteration to enable them to be occupied along with the construction of a formalised curtilage with associated paraphernalia would in any case result in severe harm to the open character of the Green Belt.

- 4.7 As the proposal constitutes inappropriate development in the Green Belt the Applicant must demonstrate that other considerations clearly outweigh the harm by reason of inappropriateness together with any other harm in order to amount to "very special circumstances". The submitted application details make no reference to the site being located within the Green Belt and the inappropriate nature of the development. A "snapshot" report of conditions within arable farming over the whole country has however been submitted to evidence a need to diversify the activities taking place at the holding and within the submitted Design and Access Statement viability issues are alluded to with reference to the land only being Grade 3 and therefore of average quality in terms of crop production. It is also indicated that the holding is part tenanted and part owner occupied with the owner occupied section being purchased recently and differences of opinion with the principal landowner over husbandry matters in respect of the tenanted part of the holding.
- 4.8 The submitted information indicates financial pressures on arable producers in a general sense but it does not amount to a case for "very special circumstances" in respect of the holding itself as would be expected and other potential less harmful avenues are highlighted within arable husbandry. Whilst viability issues are highlighted in respect of the farm no specific detail is given and a less harmful conversion of the existing buildings within the farmstead is specifically ruled out and it is also clear that the decision to invest in purchasing the holding is a recent one. The proposal is therefore felt to be by definition harmful to the Green Belt and there are no other considerations that clearly outweigh the harm to the Green Belt. The proposal therefore conflicts with the NPPF Green Belt policies.

### 5.0 CONCLUSION

5.1. The proposal is seen as necessary by the applicant as a means of farm diversification to offset the impact of declining farm incomes and a report examining trends in arable farming has been submitted in support. However it is not felt that the submitted justification amounts to a viable case for "very special circumstances" that would clearly outweigh any harm by reason of inappropriateness and any other harm as required by paragraphs 87 and 88 of the NPPF and that planning permission should be refused

### **COMMITTEE TO VISIT**

# **6.0 RECOMMENDATION:** Refuse

The application site is within the general extent of the Green Belt as set out by Policy Y1 of The Yorkshire and Humber Plan - Regional Spatial Strategy. The proposal by virtue of its design, layout, location and purpose would be by definition inappropriate development within the Green Belt, contrary to paragraphs 79 and 80 of the National Planning Policy Framework and giving rise to very substantial harm to its characteristic openness. No case has been demonstrated that would amount to "very special circumstances" that would clearly outweigh any harm by reason of inappropriateness and any other harm caused by the development. The proposal is therefore contrary to Section 9 of the National Planning Policy Framework and policy YH9 of the Yorkshire and Humber Plan and also conflict with Draft Development Control Local Plan (2005) policy GB1: Development in the Green Belt.

# 7.0 INFORMATIVES: Notes to Applicant

## 1. STATEMENT OF THE COUNCIL'S POSITIVE AND PROACTIVE APPROACH

In considering the application, the Local Planning Authority has implemented the requirements set out within the National Planning Policy Framework (paragraphs 186 and 187) in seeking solutions to problems identified during the processing of the application. The Local Planning Authority took the following steps in an attempt to achieve a positive outcome:

the preparation and submission of a detailed case for "very special circumstances" that would outweigh any harm by reason of inappropriateness and any other harm.

Notwithstanding the above, it was not possible to achieve a positive outcome, resulting in planning permission being refused for the reasons stated.

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